

# Russians in Nice & la Côte d'Azur

Few foreign peoples have left a deeper mark on Nice than the Russians. Their connection to the city spans nearly two centuries — from the first Tsarina who wintered here in 1856 to the community of 50,000 Russian speakers who call the Côte d'Azur home today. They built the largest Orthodox cathedral in Western Europe here. They named streets after their Tsarevich, buried their princes in the hills above the sea, and sent their greatest writers to recover their health in the Mediterranean air.

For a Russian visitor arriving in Nice today, the city offers something rare: a place where Russian history is not merely remembered, but still physically present.

See our guide of the current strong [Russian community in Nice](#).

*This page is part of the [Celebrities of Nice & the French Riviera](#) series.*

## Why Russians Came to Nice

French was not only the language of diplomacy and international refinement across Europe — it was also the language of the Russian aristocracy, shaping the way nobles thought, spoke, and even dreamed. Russia and France were bound by culture, language, and eventually by formal military alliance. During the 19th century, travel in France was considered a form of cultural and intellectual apprenticeship.

Nice added something more specific: its Mediterranean winter climate was considered medically beneficial, particularly for tuberculosis — the great affliction of the 19th century. The French Riviera was a favourite spot, where the European aristocracy had launched the fashion of the rainy season. Some also came to treat tuberculosis, which was then rampant.

A further strategic element emerged after the Crimean War. After Russia lost the Crimean War in 1856, it could no longer keep its war vessels in the Black Sea. Still needing a naval base in the Mediterranean, it made a deal with the Kingdom of Sardinia to use the harbour of Villefranche-sur-Mer for its fleet. Russian officials followed, and a community began to form.

Beginning in the mid-19th century, Russian nobility visited Nice and the French Riviera, following the fashion established decades earlier by the English upper class and nobility. In 1864, immediately after the railway reached Nice, Tsar Alexander II visited by train and was attracted by the pleasant climate.

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## The Imperial Family in Nice

### Empress Alexandra Feodorovna (1798-1860)

*Wife of Tsar Nicholas I — the first Tsarina to winter in Nice* 📍 [Alexandra Feodorovna \(Charlotte of Prussia\)](#)

**Nice connection:** Winter 1856

**Legacy:** The first Russian church in Western Europe

In 1856, Alexandra, aged 48 and widowed, was the first Russian Tsarina to winter on the French Riviera. She came for her health, but that was not the only reason. Her son, Tsar Alexander II, sent her to strengthen Russia's relationship with the King of Sardinia. She was accompanied by her other son, who was commander of the Russian Navy. While Alexandra charmed the King, her son negotiated an agreement to dock Russian ships in the port of Villefranche-sur-Mer.

During her stay, the Russian Orthodox community wanted a church, but the state religion of Piedmont-Sardinia was Roman Catholicism. Alexandra used her considerable influence to resolve this, and the result was the first Russian Orthodox church ever built in Western Europe.

**What remains today:** The 📍 [Église Saint-Nicolas-et-Sainte-Alexandra](#), 6 rue Longchamp, Nice — consecrated in 1859, still in use, and still the oldest Russian Orthodox church outside Russia. It is named for Tsar Nicholas I and his wife. Not generally open for tourist visits, but worth seeing from the outside<sup>1)</sup>.

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## Empress Maria Alexandrovna & the Death of the Tsarevich

*Wife of Tsar Alexander II* 📍 [Maria Alexandrovna \(Marie of Hesse\)](#) · 📍 [Nicholas Alexandrovich, Tsarevich of Russia](#)

**Nice connection:** Regular winter visitor; tragedy of 1865

**Address:** Villa Bermond (now the site of the Cathedral), off Boulevard du Tzarevitch

The second Tsarina to winter regularly in Nice was Maria Alexandrovna, wife of Alexander II. Her legacy in the city is inseparable from one of the most poignant events in Russian imperial history.

In the spring of 1865, Tsarevich Nicholas Alexandrovich — the heir apparent, aged 21 — continued to decline from cerebro-spinal meningitis, and he died on 24 April 1865, at the Villa Bermond in Nice. On his deathbed, Nicholas expressed the wish that his fiancée, Princess Dagmar of Denmark, should become the bride of his younger brother Alexander.

As he lay dying in Villa Bermond, the people of Nice stood outside in silence, mourning with the Imperial Family. His parents bought the grounds and villa in which the Tsarevich died. They tore down the villa, and built a chapel in the exact location where his deathbed had been.

The story has one more remarkable thread: Princess Dagmar, the young Danish fiancée who had rushed to Nice to be at Nicholas's bedside, did marry his brother Alexander — who became Tsar Alexander III. Their son was Nicholas II, the last Emperor of Russia, who was named in memory of his uncle who died in Nice<sup>2)</sup>.

**What remains today:**

- The **Chapelle du Tsarévitch** (Chapel of the Tsarevich), Boulevard du Tzarewitch — the memorial chapel built on the exact spot of the deathbed. Open to visitors.
- **Boulevard du Tzarewitch** — the street itself is named for him.
- **Avenue Nicolas II** — the avenue leading to the Cathedral, named in his memory.
- A bust of Tsarevich Nicholas Alexandrovich Romanov stands in Nice. Three years after his tragic death, a memorial chapel appeared on the territory of the Villa Bermond, and the adjacent street was renamed Tsarevich Boulevard.

→ Candidate for its own page: [The Tsarevich of Nice](#)

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## Tsar Alexander II & the Cathedral

 [Alexander II of Russia](#) ·  [Russian Orthodox Cathedral, Nice](#)

**Nice connection:** Patron of the Cathedral; father of the Tsarevich who died here

In 1864, immediately after the railway reached Nice, Tsar Alexander II visited by train and was attracted by the pleasant climate. Thus began an association between Russians and the French Riviera that continues to this day.

During the second half of the 19th century, the French Riviera, and more particularly Nice, became a regular place of residence for the Russian Imperial Family. An important Russian colony settled there, leading to the construction of an Orthodox place of worship, one of the most important outside Russia.

The Villa Georges, 10 Boulevard Dubouchage, is the place where Katia, the morganatic wife of Tsar Alexander II, lived after her husband was killed, and where she died. She is buried in the Caucade cemetery.


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## Tsar Nicholas II & the Cathedral

 [Nicholas II of Russia](#)

**Nice connection:** Principal funder of the Cathedral of Saint-Nicolas

In 1896, the 49-year-old widow Maria Feodorovna (formerly Princess Dagmar) learned of plans to build a new Russian Orthodox Church in Nice, as the one on Longchamp had become too small for the growing community. She took the project to heart. Her son, Tsar Nicholas II, paid for most of the church from his private funds.

The result was the  [Russian Orthodox Cathedral, Nice](#) — the **Cathedral of Saint-Nicolas** — completed in 1912, the year before the Romanov dynasty celebrated its 300th anniversary, and just five years before its violent end.

The Orthodox Cathedral of St. Nicholas was designed by Mikhail Preobrazhensky, professor at the Imperial Academy of Fine Arts in St. Petersburg. It is inspired by the architecture of the Cathedral of St. Basil in Moscow. The cathedral follows the plan of a Greek cross and has a bell tower dome

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covered entirely with gold leaf. Its red brick façade is decorated with magnificent mosaics.

Today the cathedral continues to serve the Russian community of the region, numbering about 50,000, and is open to tourists as well.

### What remains today:

- 🗺️ [Cathédrale Saint-Nicolas de Nice](#), Avenue Nicolas II — the largest Eastern Orthodox cathedral in Western Europe, recognized as a national monument of France. Open Mon–Sat 9h–18h, Sun 12h–18h. Modest entry fee. Dress modestly; no photography inside.
- To the north of the Cathedral is the Lycée du Parc Impérial, originally a palace built to accommodate the Imperial Family during their stays in Nice.

→ Candidate for its own page: [The Russian Orthodox Cathedral of Nice](#)

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## The Writers

### Anton Chekhov (1860–1904)

Playwright & short story writer 🗺️ [Anton Chekhov](#) · 🗺️ [Three Sisters](#) · 🗺️ [The Seagull](#)

**Nice connection:** Multiple winter stays, 1891–1901

**Addresses:** Hôtel Beau Rivage, 107 Quai des États-Unis (first visit, 1891); Pension Russe (later Pension Oasis), 23 rue Gounod (winters 1897–98, 1900, 1901)

At the beginning of December 1897, Chekhov went to the French Riviera, settled in Nice, and dreamed again of a visit to Africa. While he was at Nice, France was in the throes of the Dreyfus affair. Chekhov began studying the Dreyfus and Zola cases from shorthand notes, and becoming convinced of the innocence of both, wrote a heated letter to his publisher Suvorin, which led to a coolness between them.

The most famous writer in residence at the Pension Russe was Anton Chekhov, who finished the second half of *Three Sisters* there in 1900–1901, famously while the actors back home in Moscow were already rehearsing the first two acts. Despite complaining that Nice was “a bad place to write,” he appears to have done much of his best work there, writing scenes, letters, and short stories — always meticulously dressed, always by an open window regardless of the weather<sup>3)</sup>.

A plaque commemorates Chekhov's stay at the Hôtel Beau Rivage on the Promenade des Anglais, and a street — Rue Anton Tchekhov — is named for him in Nice.

### What remains today:

- **Hôtel Beau Rivage**, 107 Quai des États-Unis — plaques at the entrance note Chekhov's stays.
- **Hôtel L'Oasis** (the former Pension Russe), 23 rue Gounod — commemorative plaques on the facade. A quiet courtyard hotel, still operating, where both Chekhov and Lenin stayed.
- **Rue Anton Tchekhov** — a street in Nice named in his honour.

→ Candidate for its own page: [Chekhov in Nice](#)

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## Vladimir Lenin (1870-1924)

Revolutionary & first Soviet leader 🇷🇺 [Vladimir Lenin](#)

**Nice connection:** Visits in 1909 and 1911

**Address:** Pension Russe (Hôtel Oasis), 23 rue Gounod; also 24 Boulevard Gambetta

Lenin — future architect of the Russian Revolution — visited Nice twice as an exile organising the Bolshevik movement from Western Europe. Lenin stayed at the Pension Russe in 1911. He had already come to Nice in 1909, writing to his sister: “It's splendid here — dry, warm air, the southern sea...”

The irony is considerable: the man who would destroy the Russian aristocracy was lodging in the same modest guesthouse where Chekhov had recovered his health a decade earlier, in a city whose boulevards, orthodox cathedral, and aristocratic cemeteries were the creation of the very Tsars he would overthrow<sup>4</sup>.

**What remains today:** The commemorative plaques at **Hôtel L'Oasis**, 23 rue Gounod, note both Lenin's and Chekhov's stays — making it perhaps the only hotel in the world that hosted both a founder of modern drama and the founder of Soviet communism.

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## The Russian Heritage of Nice Today

### The Russian Quarter: Streets & Architecture

Nice retains a remarkable concentration of Russian-named streets and buildings in the area around the Cathedral:

- **Boulevard du Tzarewitch** — named for Tsarevich Nicholas Alexandrovich who died here in 1865
- **Avenue Nicolas II** — leading to the Cathedral, named for the last Tsar
- **Lycée du Parc Impérial** — originally built as an Imperial palace for the Romanov family's stays
- **Musée des Beaux-Arts Jules Chéret** — built by the wife of Prince Lev Viktorovitch Kotchoubeï, private adviser to Tsar Alexander II. One of Nice's finest museums, on Avenue des Baumettes.
- **Villa Georges, 10 Boulevard Dubouchage** — where Katia, Alexander II's morganatic wife, lived and died after the Tsar's assassination. A residential building today.
- **Domaine de Valrose** (now the University of Nice campus) — formerly the extraordinary estate of Baron Von Derwies, Russian industrial magnate.

## The Russian Orthodox Cemetery at Caucade

[📍 Russian Orthodox Cemetery, Nice](#)

**Address:** Chemin du Monastère, Caucade, Nice (Bus line 8, stop Caucade)

**Hours:** Daily 9h–1

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## Russian Shops, Groceries & Restaurants in Nice

Nice has supported a Russian-speaking community for over 160 years, and that history is reflected today in a cluster of grocery stores, delicatessens, and restaurants serving the Slavic community and curious visitors alike. Most are concentrated in the area around the Russian Orthodox Cathedral and Boulevard Gambetta — a neighbourhood that has been Russian Nice for over a century.

*Always verify opening hours before visiting, as small independent shops may adjust schedules seasonally.*

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### Grocery Stores & Delicatessens

#### Avrora

[📍 29 rue Arson, 06300 Nice](#) · [avrora.fr](#) · Tel: +33 4 92 12 13 65

**Hours:** Mon–Sat 9h–22h30 · Sun 10h–22h · **Rating:** ★ 4.4 (117 reviews)

The largest and most complete Russian grocery in Nice. Avrora stocks a wide range of East European products: piroshki, dried and smoked fish, a full charcuterie counter, jams, honey, biscuits, Russian teas and chocolates, and an excellent selection of spirits and caviar. Beyond food it also carries books, sports accessories, and household items popular with the local Slavic community — closer to a general Russian department store than a simple épicerie. Russian spoken throughout. Consistently the top recommendation among Nice's Russian community.

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#### Berezka (Берёзка)

[📍 103 boulevard Gambetta, 06000 Nice](#) · Tel: +33 9 51 02 84 88

**Hours:** Daily 10h–22h · **Rating:** ★ 4.2 (75 reviews)

A Russian general store and deli, ideally located near the Cathedral quarter — the historic heart of

Russian Nice. Berezka (the Russian word for birch tree, a symbol of Russia) stocks charcuterie, smoked fish, pickled products, Russian dairy, sweets, and imported spirits. Functions as both a grocery and a small restaurant, making it a natural one-stop stop. Note: some reviewers flag that prices can run high.

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## Gastronomie Russe

📍 [6 boulevard Gambetta, 06000 Nice](#) · Tel: +33 4 93 79 77 54

**Hours:** Daily 9h–21h · **Rating:** ★ 3.9 (155 reviews)

A long-established Russian grocery near the Cathedral, immediately recognizable by the giant matrioshka doll outside — a favourite of photographers. Stocks the full range of Russian classics: kefir, pickled vegetables, cured meats, cheeses, dumplings, and imported spirits. Reviewers praise the late hours and friendly service. One reviewer noted: “A must if you like Russian food and drinks!”

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## Matrioshka — Épicerie de Nuit

📍 [137 avenue de la Californie, 06200 Nice](#) · [matrioshka06.fr](#) · Tel: +33 7 66 32 22 16

**Hours:** Mon 10h–22h · Tue–Thu 10h–00h · Fri–Sat 10h–00h30 · Sun 11h–22h · **Rating:** ★ 4.5 (56 reviews)

A well-stocked Russian grocery in the western Fabron/California neighbourhood, convenient for those staying near the airport or the western end of the Promenade des Anglais. The extraordinary late closing hours make it uniquely useful for late-evening provisions. Stocks general groceries, caviar, fish, cheese, alcohol, and products from Russia, Armenia, Georgia, and other post-Soviet countries. Reviewers describe the staff as exceptionally cooperative and friendly.

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## Restaurants

### 📍 Waynakh Restaurant

📍 [65 rue de la Buffa, 06000 Nice](#) · [waynakh.fr](#) · Tel: +33 6 14 26 47 03

**Hours:** Daily 10h–21h30 · **Rating:** ★ 4.7 (628 reviews) — *Highest rated Russian restaurant in Nice*

The undisputed standout among Nice's Russian and Caucasian restaurants — a family-run kitchen specialising in the cuisine of Chechnya and the wider Caucasus region, with Russian classics alongside. The secret is simple: everything is made from fresh ingredients, generous portions, and genuine hospitality.

Signature dishes from enthusiastic reviewers: **manty** (steamed dumplings), **plov** (Central Asian rice dish with lamb), **kotlety** (Russian meat patties), **Salad Olivier**, **vareniki** (Ukrainian dumplings), **ragout**, and **chebourek** (deep-fried meat pastry — described by one reviewer as rivalling the best empanadas in the world). For dessert: **medovik** (honey cake). The tea selection is excellent. Georgian

and Caucasian wines are available and recommended.

*Best single recommendation for a Russian visitor. The ratings speak for themselves — 4.7 from over 600 reviews is exceptional. Reserve ahead for dinner.*

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## Roi Alexandre

📍 [38 rue de France, 06000 Nice](#) · [roialexandre-nice.fr](#) · Tel: +33 6 22 53 24 83

**Hours:** Daily 11h–15h and 18h–22h · **Rating:** ★ 4.6 (223 reviews)

A refined Russian restaurant on the lively rue de France, steps from the Promenade des Anglais. The atmosphere is intimate and elegant, with a particularly charming upstairs dining room noted by many reviewers. Named in honour of Tsar Alexander — a nice historical touch given Nice's deep imperial Russian connections.

Menu highlights: borchtch, **pelmeni**, Olivier salad, okroshka (cold soup), beef Stroganov with buckwheat, **sirkiki** (cheese pancakes), medovik, and Napoleon cake. The wine list features Georgian and Caucasian selections alongside French regional wines. One regular reviewer: *“One of the best places in Nice! Amazing food, very friendly staff! We are visiting it regularly for the 2nd year in a row.”*

*Ask for the upstairs room when reserving — consistently singled out by reviewers for its atmosphere.*

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## Le Transsibérien — l'Isba

📍 [1 rue Bottero, 06000 Nice](#) · Tel: +33 9 81 45 15 00 · **Rating:** ★ 3.9 (49 reviews)

The most theatrically Russian experience in Nice — named for the legendary Trans-Siberian Express, with décor to match: colourful, warmly retro, deeply atmospheric. Menu covers the full range of Russian classics: borchtch, goloubtsi (stuffed cabbage), Siberian pelmeni, tefteli, pojarski chops, Stroganov beef, caviar, blintchiki, and vatrouchka (cheesecake). An extensive vodka selection accompanies everything. Adjoining the restaurant is a **delicatessen and craft shop** selling Russian food products, matriochka dolls, Fedoskino lacquer boxes, and traditional handicrafts — making it a cultural visit as much as a meal.

*Note: ratings are more mixed than the other two restaurants. Verify it is currently open before visiting, as a few recent reviewers could not locate it. Ideal if the craft shop aspect appeals.*

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## In Cannes (Day Trip)

## Kalinka Market

📍 [24 boulevard Alexandre III, 06400 Cannes](#) · Tel: +33 6 52 05 02 32

**Hours:** Daily 9h30-00h · **Rating:** ★ 4.4 (16 reviews)

A well-regarded Russian and Armenian grocery in Cannes, convenient for those day-tripping along the coast. Reviewers praise the freshness of products, the friendly welcome, and the selection of Armenian delicacies alongside standard Russian staples. Open until midnight every day.

## Quick Reference Table

Establishment	Type	Address	Hours	Rating
<a href="#">Avrora</a>	Grocery	29 rue Arson	Mon-Sat 9h-22h30, Sun 10h-22h	★ 4.4
<a href="#">Berezka</a>	Grocery + Deli	103 blvd Gambetta	Daily 10h-22h	★ 4.2
<a href="#">Gastronomie Russe</a>	Grocery + Snacks	6 blvd Gambetta	Daily 9h-21h	★ 3.9
<a href="#">Matrioshka</a>	Grocery (late night)	137 av. de la Californie	Until midnight/12h30	★ 4.5
<a href="#">Waynakh</a> 📍	Restaurant	65 rue de la Buffa	Daily 10h-21h30	★ 4.7
<a href="#">Roi Alexandre</a>	Restaurant	38 rue de France	Daily 11h-15h / 18h-22h	★ 4.6
<a href="#">Le Transsibérien</a>	Restaurant + Shop	1 rue Bottero	Verify before visiting	★ 3.9

1)

Sources: Margo Lestz / CuriousRambler.com; NiceAzur.com; Wikipedia

2)

Sources: Wikipedia; Unofficial Royalty; CuriousRambler.com; NiceRendezvous.com

3)

Sources: EasyHiker.co.uk; TerresDecrivains.com; Brandeis University / Chekhov biography; Britannica

4)

Sources: LizotchkaRussie blog; NiceAzur.com; EuroCheapo.com

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